

IN-CLASS ACTIVITY : PRE-CALCULUS REVIEW

1. Decide whether the following statements are true or false :

- i) If $x > 0$, then $x^2 > 0$;
- ii) If $x^2 > 0$, then $x > 0$;
- iii) $x^2 > 0$ for every real number x ;
- iv) If $x < 3$, then $x^2 < 9$;
- v) $(x + y)^2 = x^2 + y^2$ for every real number x and y ;
- vi) $(x + y)^{-1} = x^{-1} + y^{-1}$ for every $x, y > 0$.

2. Find the value of a that makes the following equalities true :

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| i) $\sqrt[4]{a} = 3$; | vi) $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{a}$; | xi) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} = a\sqrt{2}$; |
| ii) $\sqrt[5]{16} = 4$; | vii) $\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \sqrt[5]{2}$; | xii) $\sqrt[5]{2} + \sqrt[3]{2} = 2$; |
| iii) $\sqrt{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} = 27$; | viii) $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} = \sqrt[5]{8}$; | xiii) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{a}$; |
| iv) $\sqrt{a^{-\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{4}$; | ix) $\sqrt{4\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2^a}$; | xiv) $\sqrt{3\sqrt{2\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt[8]{a}$; |
| v) $2^{-a} = \frac{1}{8}$; | x) $\sqrt[6]{8} = \sqrt[5]{4}$; | xv) $\sqrt{8}\sqrt[3]{2^a}\sqrt[4]{8} = 8$. |

3. Factorize (if possible, over the reals) the following polynomials

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| i) $x^2 - 1$; | vi) $2x^2 + 5x - 3$; |
| ii) $x^4 - 1$; | vii) $x^4 - 5x^2 + 4$; |
| iii) $x^2 + 1$; | viii) $x^6 + 5x^3 + 6$; |
| iv) $x^3 - 2x^2$; | ix) $x^3 - 2x + 1$; |
| v) $x^2 - 7x + 12$; | x) $x^5 - x^3 + x^2 - 1$. |

4. Find the set of solutions of the following inequalities;

- i) $x^2 - 9 \geq 0$;
- ii) $x^2 - 4x + 3 \geq 0$;
- iii) $-x^2 + 6x - 9 > 0$;
- iv) $x^4 - 3x^2 + 4 \geq 0$;
- v) $\frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 - 6x + 5} \leq 0$.