

(c) Detta  $c_n$  la più grande costante reale per cui vale la (1), calcolare il limite  $n^{\frac{1}{n}} \sqrt[n]{c_n}$

$$f(x) = \frac{\arctan x + x^n}{2^x}$$

STUDIO IL MAX PER  $n \rightarrow +\infty$  CON  $x > 1$

$$f(x) = \frac{\arctan x + x^n}{2^x} = \frac{x^n}{2^x} \left( \frac{\arctan x}{x^n} + 1 \right)$$

PER  $n \rightarrow +\infty$   $f_{\max} \approx g_{\max}$  CON  $g(x) = \frac{x^n}{2^x}$

$$g(0) = 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x) = 0 \Rightarrow \text{N.W.} \exists g_{\max}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{n x^{n-1} \cdot 2^x - x^n \cdot \log 2 \cdot 2^x}{(2^x)^2} = 0 \quad n x^{n-1} - \log 2 \cdot x^n = 0$$

$$x^n (n - \log 2 \cdot x) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ x = n / \log 2 \end{cases} \quad \text{PUNTO DI MAX PER } g$$

PERTANTO:

$$f_{\max} = f(x_n) = \frac{\arctan x_n + x_n^n}{2^{x_n}} \quad x_n \sim n / \log 2 \quad n \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{f_{\max}} = \frac{2^{x_n}}{\arctan x_n + x_n^n}$$

$$a_n = n^{\frac{1}{n}} \sqrt[n]{c_n} = \sqrt[n]{b_n} \quad b_n = n^n \cdot c_n$$

$$\frac{b_{n+1}}{b_n} = \frac{(n+1)^{(n+1)}}{n^n} \cdot \frac{2^{x_{n+1}}}{2^{x_n}} \cdot \frac{\arctan x_n + x_n^n}{\arctan x_{n+1} + x_{n+1}^{n+1}} =$$

$$= \frac{2^{x_{n+1}}}{2^{x_n}} \frac{(n+1)^{(n+1)}}{n^n} \frac{x_n^n}{x_{n+1}^{n+1}} \frac{\frac{\arctan x_n}{x_n} + 1}{\frac{\arctan x_{n+1}}{x_{n+1}} + 1}$$

$$\frac{2^{x_{n+1}}}{2^{x_n}} \sim \frac{2^{(n+1)/\log 2}}{2^{n/\log 2}} = 2^{1/\log 2} = 2^{\log_2 e} = e$$

$$\frac{(n+1)^{(n+1)}}{n^n} \frac{x_n^n}{x_{n+1}^{n+1}} \sim \frac{(n+1)^{(n+1)}}{n^n} \frac{n^n}{(n+1)^{(n+1)}} \frac{(\log 2)^{n+1}}{(\log 2)^n} = \log 2$$

$$\frac{b_{n+1}}{b_n} = \frac{2^{x_{n+1}}}{2^{x_n}} \frac{(n+1)^{(n+1)}}{n^n} \frac{x_n^n}{x_{n+1}^{n+1}} \frac{\frac{\arctan x_n}{x_n} + 1}{\frac{\arctan x_{n+1}}{x_{n+1}} + 1} \rightarrow e \log 2$$

PER IL CRITERIO RAPPORTO  $\rightarrow$  RADICE

$$\rho_n = n^{\sqrt[n]{b_n}} = \sqrt[n]{b_n} \rightarrow e \log 2$$