

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \tan\left(x\alpha + \arctan\left(\frac{b}{x}\right)\right)$$

$$b=0 \leadsto x \tan(x\alpha + \arctan(b/x)) = x \tan(x\alpha) \rightarrow 0$$

$$b \neq 0$$

$$x \tan(x\alpha + \arctan(b/x)) = x \tan\left(x\alpha \pm \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan(x/b)\right) =$$

$$= x \frac{\sin\left(\pm \frac{\pi}{2} + x\alpha - \arctan(x/b)\right)}{\cos\left(\pm \frac{\pi}{2} + x\alpha - \arctan(x/b)\right)} =$$

$$= x \frac{\pm \cos(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))}{\mp \sin(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))} =$$

$$= \frac{x}{x\alpha - \arctan(x/b)} \frac{-(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))}{\sin(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))} \cdot \cos(\dots) =$$

$$= \frac{\overset{\rightarrow b/\alpha b - 1}{b}}{\alpha b - \underset{\rightarrow 1}{\arctan(x/b)}} \frac{\overset{\rightarrow -1}{-(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))}}{\sin(x\alpha - \arctan(x/b))} \cdot \overset{\rightarrow 1}{\cos(\dots)} \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{b}{1 - \alpha b} \quad \alpha b \neq 1$$